



UK-EU Green Skills Workshop: Meeting the Challenges & Opportunities of Renewable Energy and Sustainable Construction

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UK-EU Green Skills Workshop

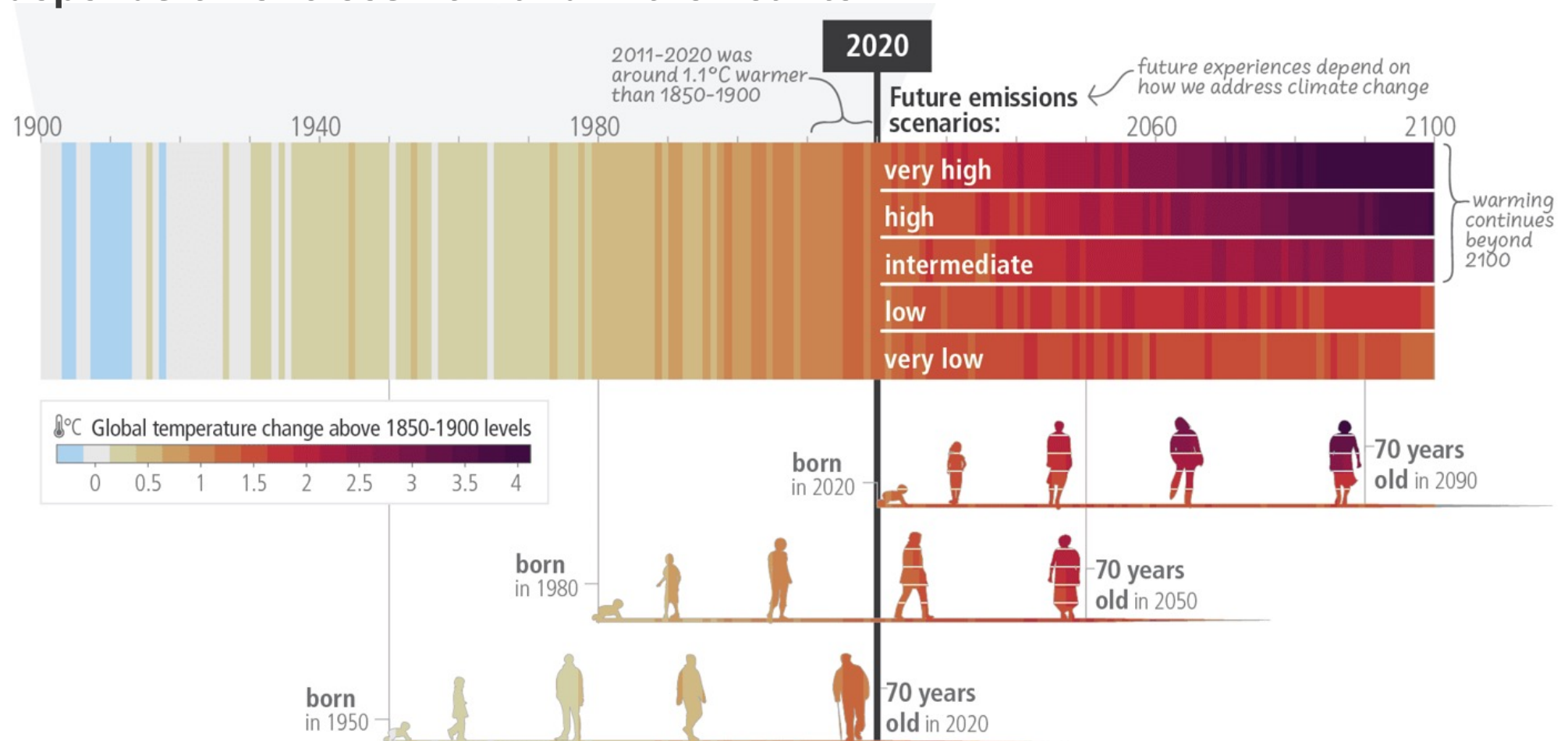
OECD Centre for Skills

<https://www.oecd.org/skills/centre-for-skills>



The prevalence of high temperatures is increasing; the future depends on us





The extent to which current and future generations will experience a hotter and different world depends on choices now and in the near-term





Adverse impacts from human-caused climate change will continue to intensify if we don't act

Global climate impacts on **cities, settlements and infrastructure**

| | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
|  Inland flooding and associated damages |  Flood/storm induced damages in coastal areas |  Damages to infrastructure |  Damages to key economic sectors |
|---|---|--|--|

Fit for 55

EU's target of reducing net greenhouse gas emissions by at least 55% by 2030. The proposed package aims to bring EU legislation in line with the 2030 goal.

Attribution of observed physical climate changes to human influence

Medium confidence



Increase in agricultural & ecological drought



Increase in fire weather



Increase in compound flooding

Likely



Increase in heavy precipitation

Very likely



Glacier retreat



Global sea level rise

Virtually certain



Upper ocean acidification



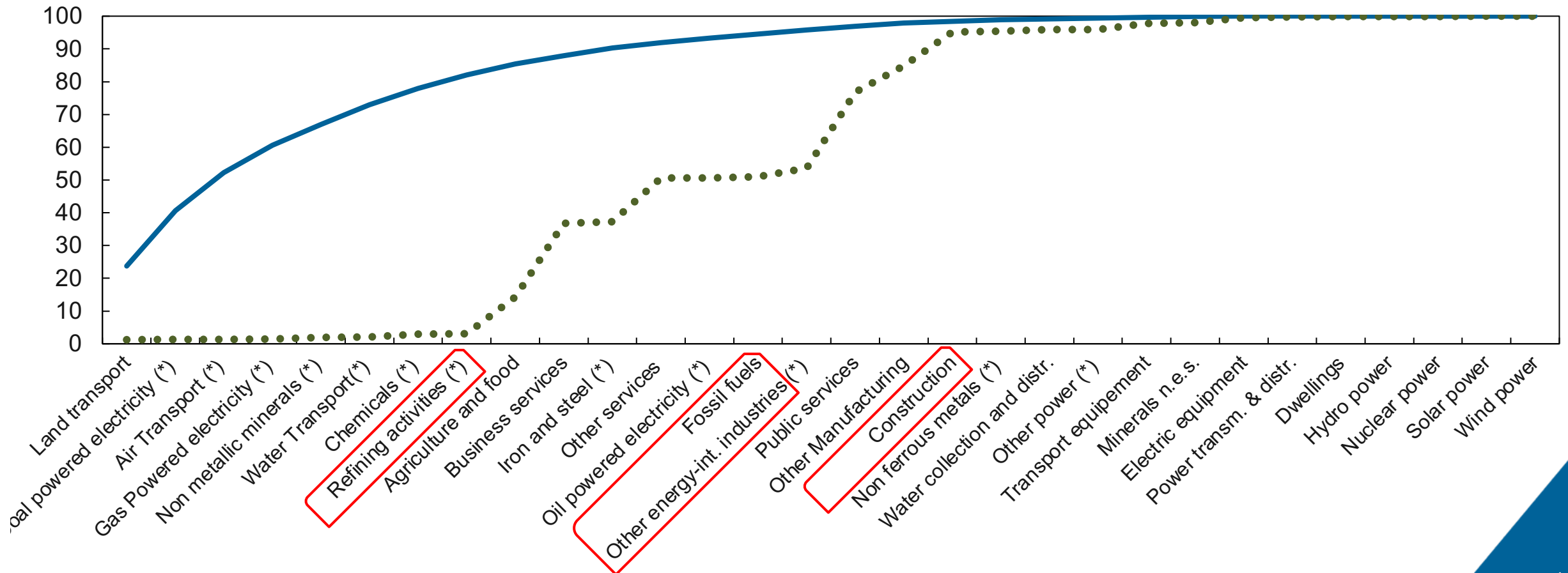
Increase in hot extremes



Cumulative shares of CO2 emissions and employment per sector in 2019

— Sectoral share in CO2 emissions in 2019

••• Sectoral share in employment in 2019

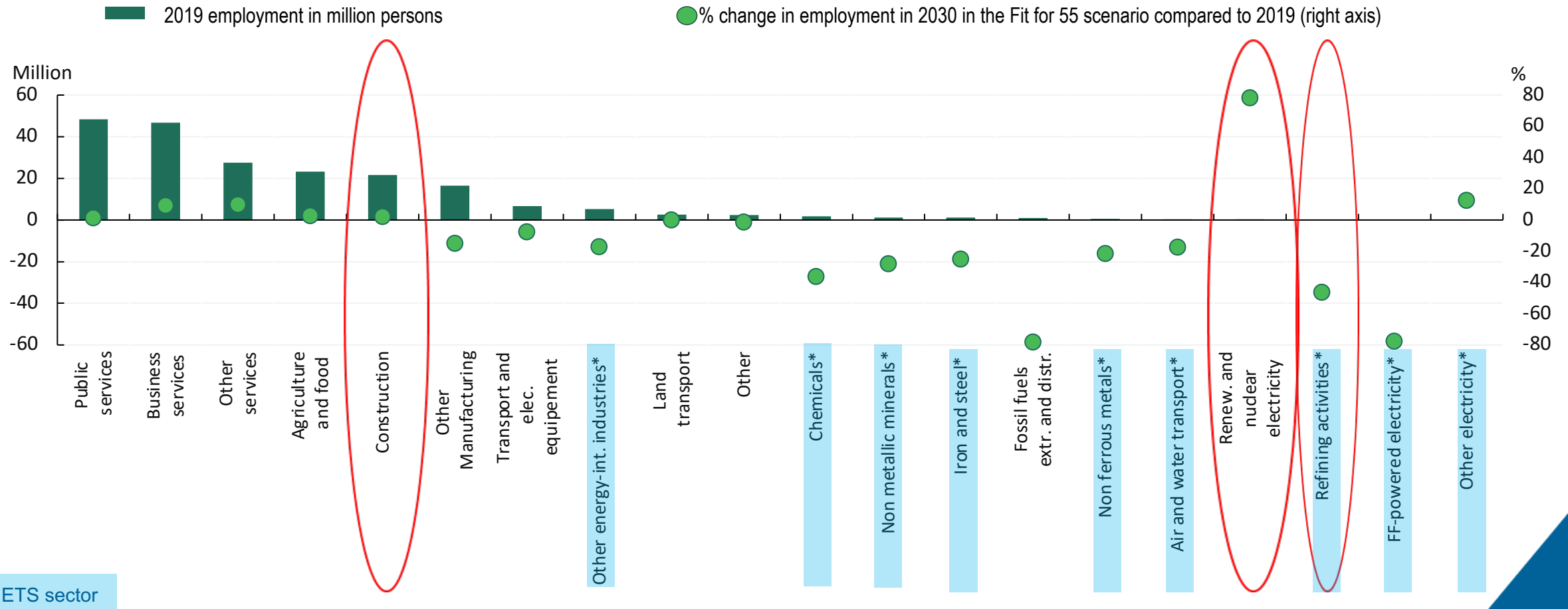




Strongest employment change between 2019 and 2030 in sectors with lower initial employment levels

Evolution in sectoral employment in the Fit for 55 scenario

Employment in millions and percentage change based on Fit for 55

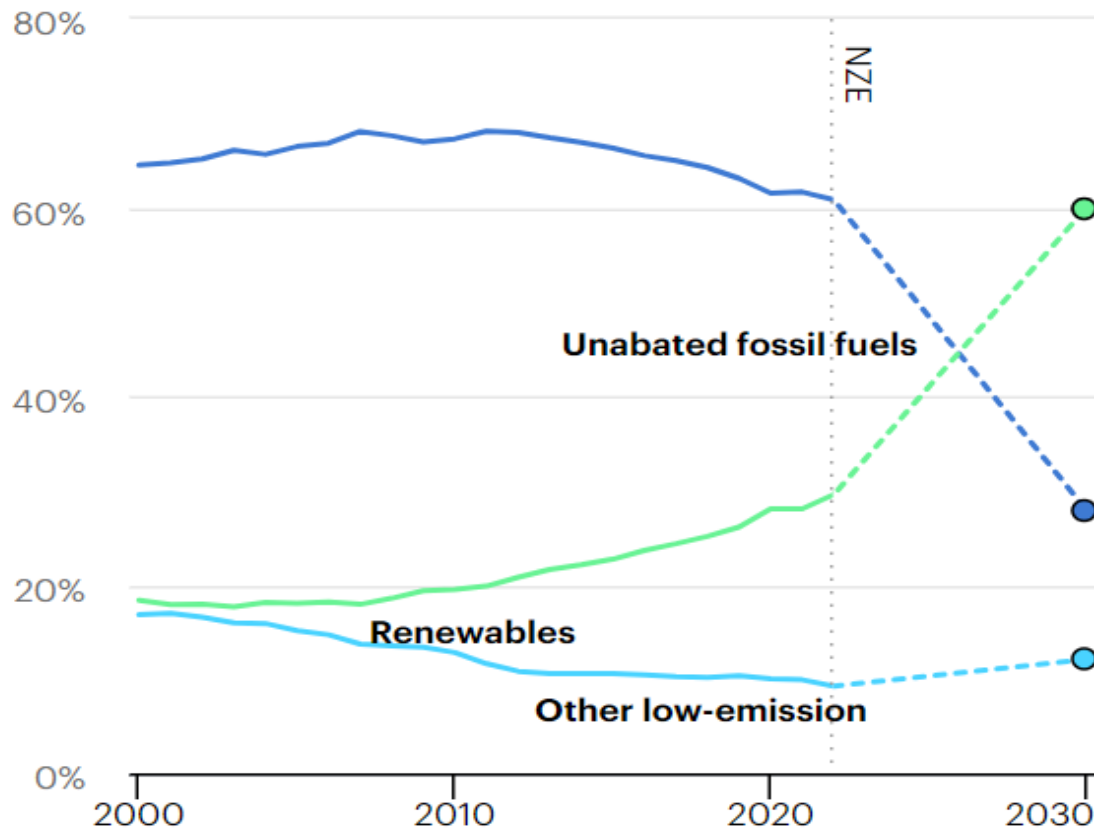


ETS sector



Projected growth of the renewable energy sector and impact on job numbers

Shares of global electricity generation by source in the Net Zero Scenario, 2000-2030

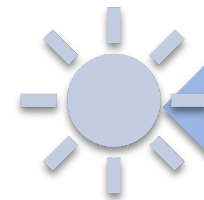


Source: [OECD/IEA](#). Licence: CC BY 4.0

Energy transition scenario by 2030 and its global employment impact in millions of jobs globally

| Horizon 2030, in millions of jobs | Risk of job destruction | Potential job creation | Balance |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|------------|
| Energy transition scenario | -7 | +25 | +18 |
| Circular economy scenario | -71 | +78 | +7 |
| Total | -78 | +103 | +25 |

Source: [International Labour Organisation, 2022](#)



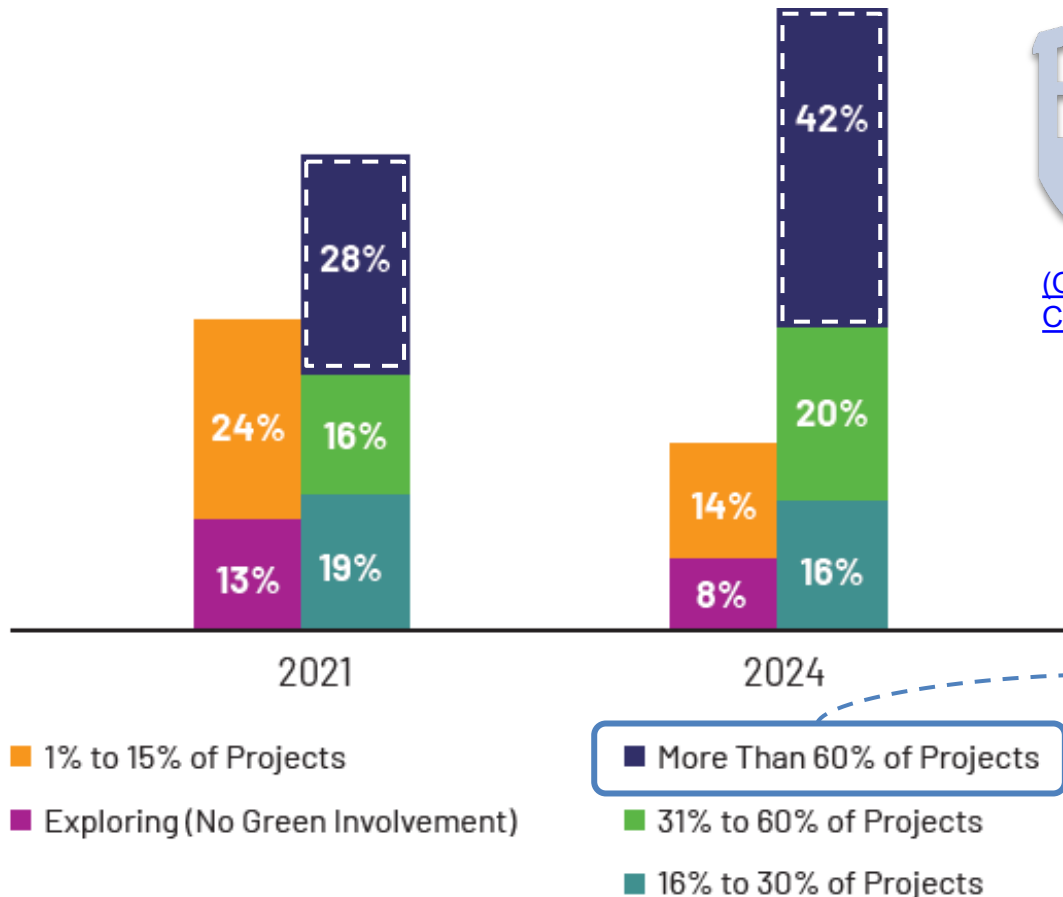
Solar employment in the EU rose by an estimated **30%** in 2022 to around **600,000 jobs**

Source: [SolarPower Europe, 2022](#)



Projected growth of the renewable construction sector and impact on job numbers

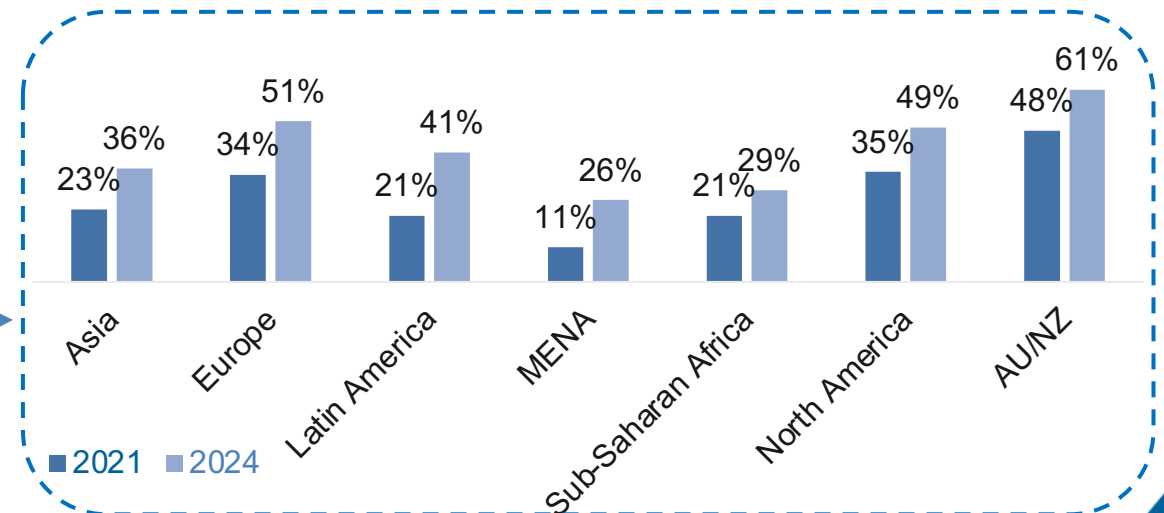
Level of green building activity (according to all respondents $n=1,207$)



(OECD, 2023;
CEDEFOP, 2023)

8% annual avg. growth of green jobs in the past five years across OECD countries

At least **27 mill.** additional jobs depend on the construction sector's performance



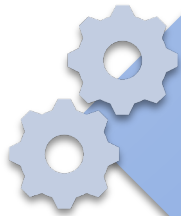


The green transition is changing jobs, skills required and the economy at large



Between **35%** and **40%** of all jobs in Europe could be affected by the green transition

[\(European Commission, 2023\)](#)



One in five jobs in the **UK** (approx. **6.3 mill. workers**) will require skills which may experience demand growth (approx. **10%** of UK jobs) or reduction (approx. **10%**) because of the transition to net zero

[\(Green Jobs Taskforce, 2021\)](#)

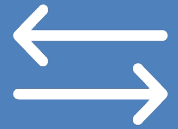


The transition to a net zero emissions environment by 2050 will create new industries worth **\$10.3 trillion** to the global economy by that same year

[\(Global Green Economy Report, 2023\)](#)



Skills changes in the renewable energy sector and resulting transformation of the workforce to 2050



Transferable Skills

4 key skills that will be required:



Problem Solving and Systems Thinking



Digital and Data Literacy



Client Services



Innovation and R&D



Technical Skills

With a wide and fast rate and scope change:



Overseeing grid connection and integrating DER/smart grid systems



Understanding of and working with automation



Working with Operational Technology/Information Technology linkages



Knowledge of effective cyber security practices and procedures



Green skills (or skills for the green transition) and the green jobs puzzle

Green Skills

“The **knowledge, abilities, values** and **attitudes** needed to **live in, develop** and **support** a **sustainable** and **resource-efficient society**”
([Cedefop, 2013](#))

However, **skills cannot be inherently green; but competencies** used in tasks **contributing** to a **greener economy** ([ILO, 2011](#))

Components of Green skills

1. Technical knowledge and skills for using **green technologies and processes**

2. Transversal skills, knowledge, values, and attitudes facilitating **pro-environmental decisions** inside and outside work

([ETF, 2022](#); [UNEVOC, 2022](#); [OECD, 2023](#))

Jobs vary in **degrees** and **combinations** of **skills**, influencing their **“greenness”**

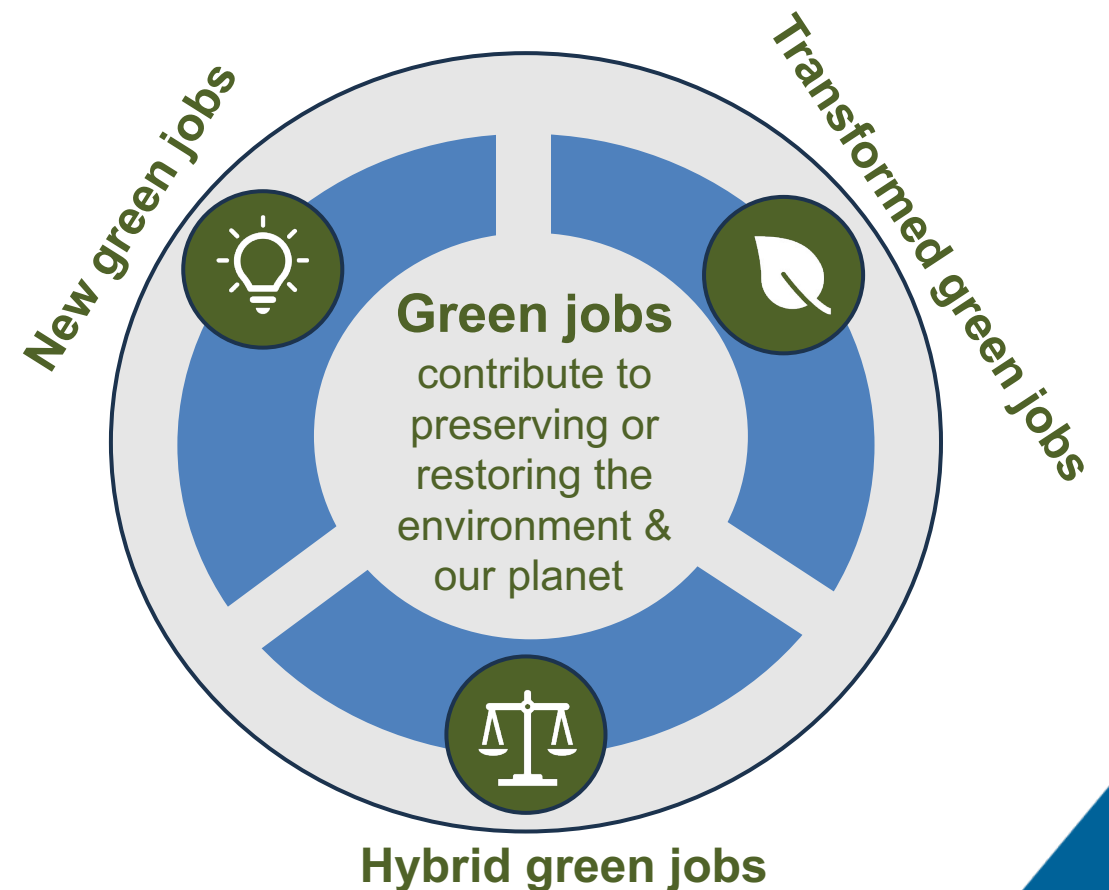
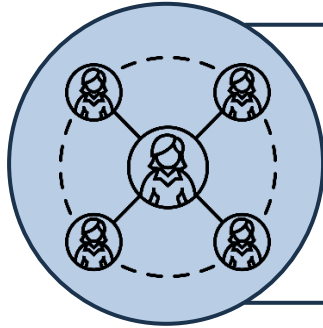


Figure adapted from the [Global Green Economy Report](#) based on [OECD/Cedefop, 2014](#) & the definition of green jobs from [GOV.UK](#)

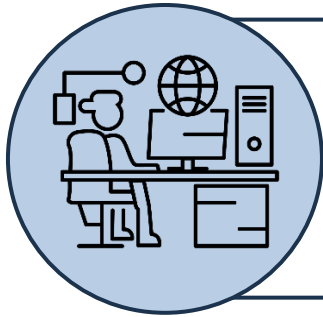


A diverse skillset is key for a resilient green transition



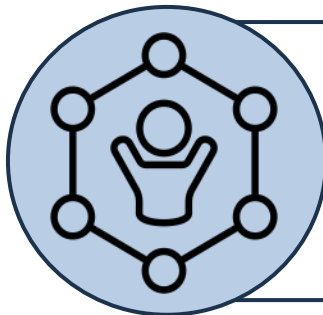
Skills to work alongside people

- *Assisting and Caring for Others*
- *Communicating with Persons Outside the Organization*
- *Initiative*



Skills to work alongside technology

- *Software Development*
- *Analysing Data and Information*



Skills to work across occupations and industries

- *Making Decisions and Solving Problems*
- *Dependability*
- *Achievement & Effort*



Addressing market barriers and gender differences is crucial in the growing demand of green sector jobs

Top ranked barriers to the growth of green building in Europe (vs. Global avg.)

1st 53% (vs. 1st 52% Global avg.)

Higher (perceived or actual) costs

2nd 30% (vs. 5th 24% Global avg.)

Lack of trained/educated green building professionals

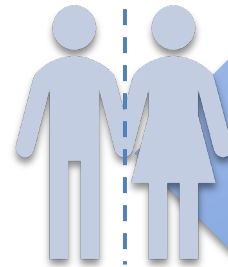
[\(World Green Building Trends Report, 2021\)](#)

Green skills gap will likely widen without proactive & inclusive up- and re-skilling



Labour shortages doubled between 2015 and 2021 in key sectors and jobs for the green transition in Europe

[\(European Commission, 2023\)](#)



72% of green-task jobs in OECD countries are held by men

[\(OECD, 2023\)](#)



Adapting VET for a greener future for all

Many occupations targeted by VET are impacted by the green transition

- Jobs for blue collar and farm workers on the decline
- Other typical VET jobs changing due to adoption of greener technologies and work practices



- ❖ **Review and update VET program offerings**
- ❖ **Essential career guidance for learners**

VET can develop the skills needed for the green transition

- VET aids transition to greener sectors and upskill or reskill in their greener job
- VET programmes, especially at higher levels, can prepare workers for vital green green jobs (e.g. solar panel installation, electric vehicle maintenance)

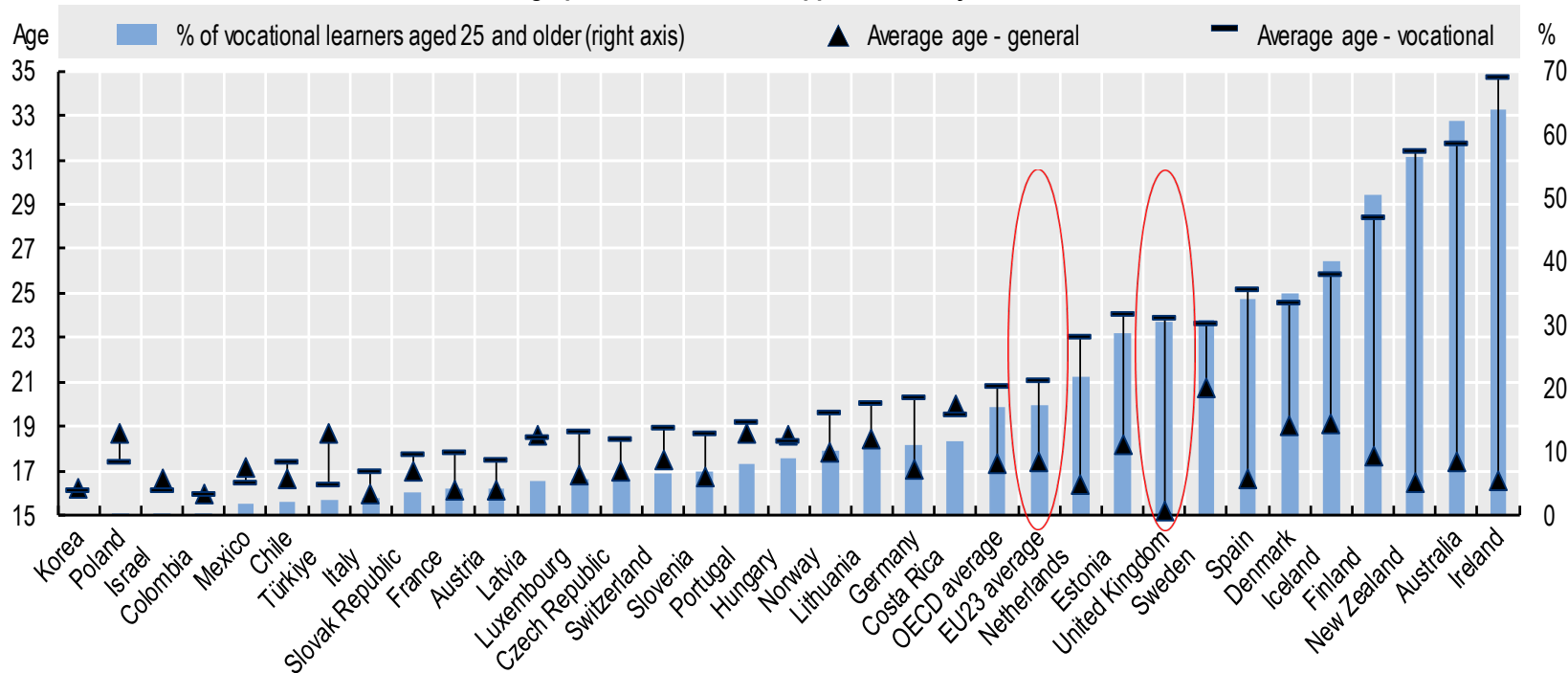


- ❖ **Flexible VET programs for market demands and diverse learners**
- ❖ **Promote higher-level VET pathways to further learning**



Adult participation in VET is low in many countries and work-based learning (WBL) is not provided

Age profile of learners in upper secondary education



WBL is (a missing) key for responsive VET

- Many OECD VET learners lack access to WBL
- In the UK, half of Level 3 VET lacks work-based component
- SMEs are less likely to provide WBL opportunities to VET students

Source: [OECD Education at a Glance 2020](#)

Source: [Eurostat \(2023\) Continuing Vocational Training in Enterprises](#)



Towards a responsible green transition across the private and education sectors

1. Career guidance for green sector opportunities

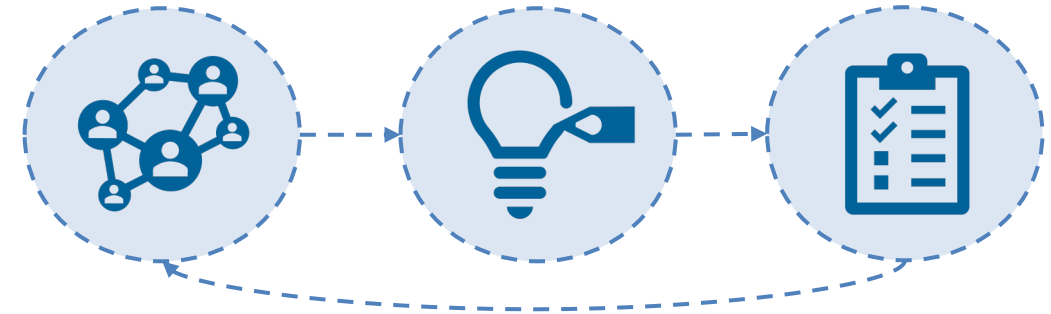
- E.g., [Louisiana Green Corps](#) (USA)

2. Access to education for rural workers

- E.g., [Interplay Learning](#) (Texas, USA)

3. Promoting work-based learning in the private sector

- E.g., [Hinkley Point C construction](#) (UK)

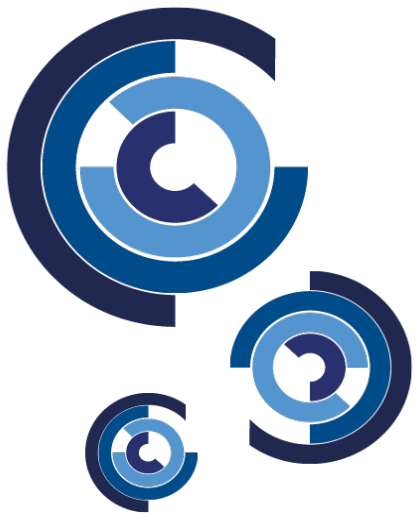


4. Integration of green education into curricula

- E.g., Education programmes in Moldova and Egypt ([ETF, 2023](#))

5. International collaboration for green skills development

- E.g., [Course on Green Skills in TVET](#) (Australia)



OECD Centre for Skills



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